# MEGL Outreach: Sharing Math with the Masses

### Our mission

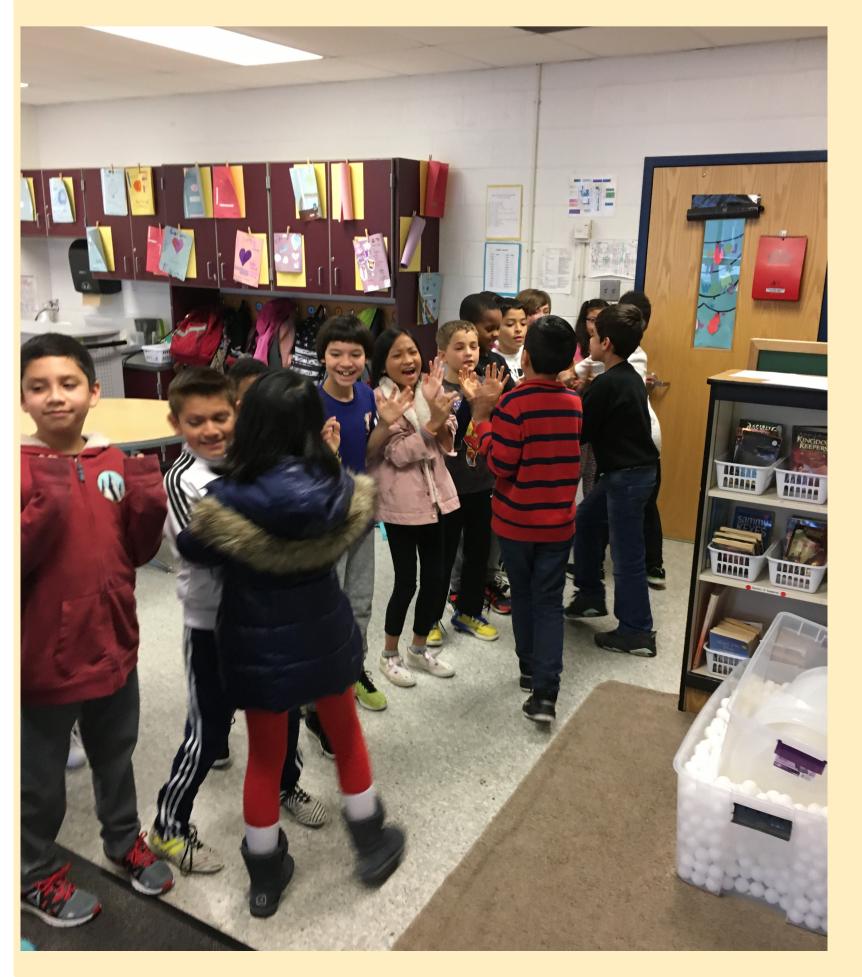
- Our goal at MEGL Outreach is to get kids excited about mathematics.
- We do this by creating interactive activities that we bring to local K-12 classrooms, libraries, and other educational venues.
- Our aim is to expose students to aspects of the math world they may not see in the typical curriculum, and to do so in an experiential way.
- Our lab directors hold PhDs and conduct research in pure mathematics, and all of our outreach activities have their roots in this world. We aim to balance substantial mathematical content with accessibility to a wide range of students.

You Can Count on Monsters



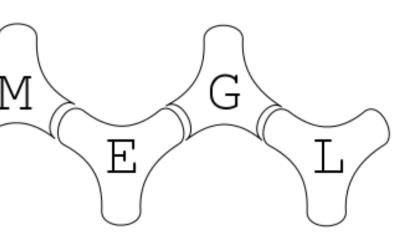
his activity is designed for 1st-3rd graders, and is centered on the idea of prime number decomposition. Instead of using words like "multiplication" and "factor", students construct and deconstruct rectangular arrays of colorful glass beads to explore the world of prime numbers. They draw trees that keep track of the decomposition of their numbers, and the final product is a multi-headed monster made from paper plates that encodes that decomposition.

Really Big Numbers



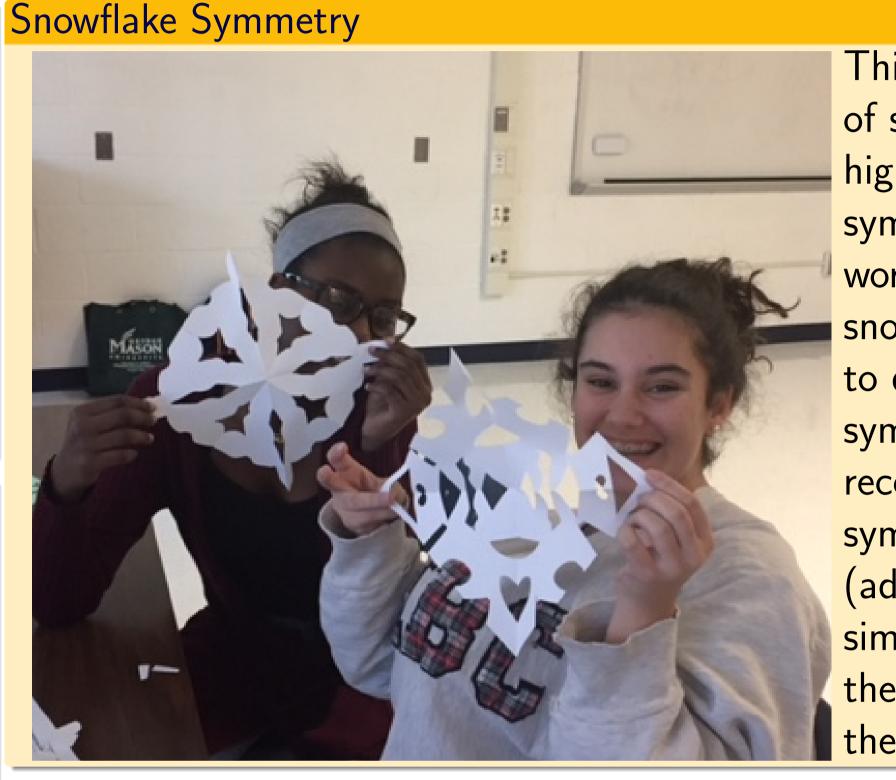
This activity is designed for 4th-6th graders, and explores ideas of magnitude and growth in the real numbers. The students race in groups of 4 to learn about linear growth, play a high five game (pictured here) to learn about polynomial growth, fill a bucket with a thousand ping pong balls to Hyperbolic Crochet learn about exponential growth, and This activity is designed for high school explore polygons and pizzas to learn students to adults. Participants take a about factorial growth. Then we tour through the history of geometric venture to the far reaches of the ideas, discovering along the way the cosmos to encounter numbers like strange and beautiful world of 10<sup>80</sup>, only to find out that this hyperbolic geometry. Though its number, and every other number, is properties seem counter-intuitive, we eventually dwarfed and comparable see its appearance in the natural world, to zero if we continue out far and eventually use the art of crochet to enough on the number line.

## Jack Love, Sean Lawton, Anton Lukyanenko



# Merce Mason Experimental Geometry Lab

MEGL and EXTREEMS poster session, George Mason University, May 7, 2018



Your Teachers are Lying to You



This activity is designed for high school students. By taking a second look at several mathematical "facts" that we learn in school, we see that their truth hinges on hidden assumptions we didn't realize we were making. By experimenting with clocks from a

## hyperbolic plane.





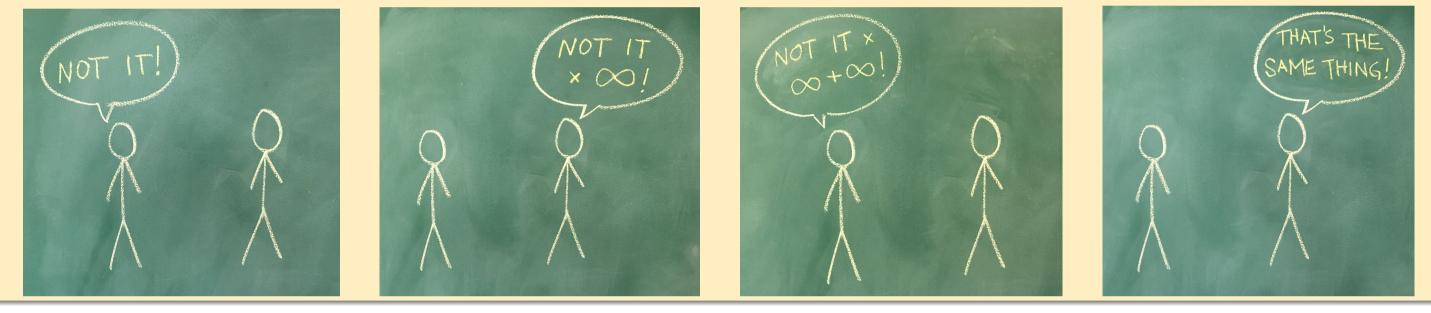
This activity works with a wide range of students, from elementary through high school. After an introduction to symmetries appearing in the natural world, the students make paper snowflakes and experiment with them to discover the mathematics of symmetry in the Platonic world. By recognizing that they can combine symmetries in analogy with combining (adding) integers, they explore the similarities and differences between the symmetries of the integers and the symmetries of their snowflakes.

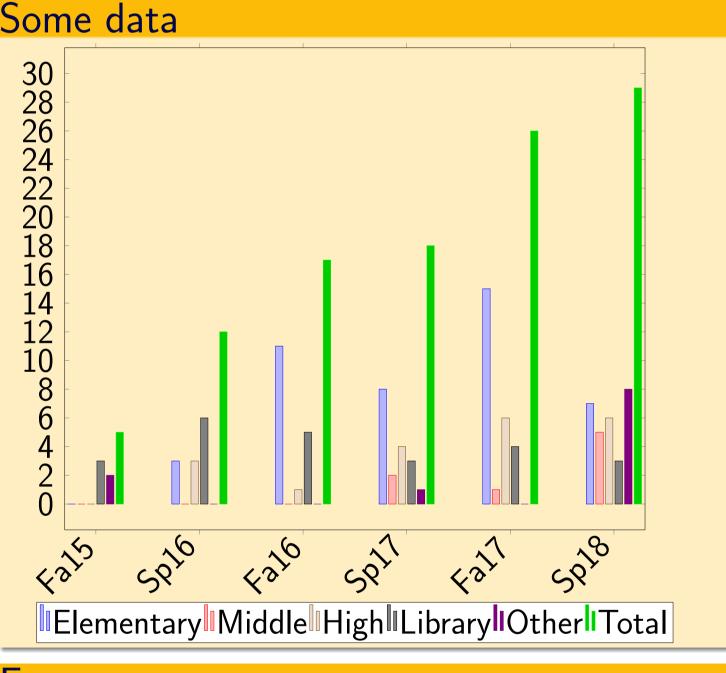
> fictional planet, we see that 2+2doesn't have to be 4. By turning numbers into dance steps, we find squares that have negative area. By drawing on the surface of a balloon, we see that the angles of a triangle don't always add to 180°. By turning the number line into a number circle we learn that the old adage "You can't divide by Future zero" just doesn't hold water. What all of these discoveries show us is that mathematical truth depends on context, and that shifting context can open up new and interesting worlds to explore.

construct our own miniature versions of the

## Playground of the Infinite

Our newest activity explores the strange world of the infinite. We start by understanding finite things, and how to count without counting. This allows us to compare infinite sets, like the rooms in an infinite hotel and the students in an infinite school bus. This leads to strange conclusions, such as two infinite hotels having the same number of rooms as one infinite hotel. Ultimately we discover through a bracelet-making activity that there are infinitely many different sizes of infinity.





As of Fall 2018, MEGL has a permanent faculty position devoted to expanding the Outreach program, allowing it to become more robust and diverse. Here are examples of how we plan to grow and increase our impact in the community.

- them to the existing classroom curriculum.

Each semester we visit elementary, middle, and high school classrooms, as well as libraries and other groups like girl scout troops and field trips. This graph shows that our total number of events each semester has grown from 5 in Fall 2015 to 29 in Spring 2018, and that these totals are being more evenly spread across the different locations types. Overall we have reached nearly 4,000 students through our activities.

• MEGL is part of Geometry Labs United (GLU), a network of labs that conduct research and outreach. MEGL's outreach program is one of the most developed in the network, and in May 2018 we conducted our first training session. By sharing our activities and best practices with others in the GLU community, our experience can be transferred to the success of other labs across the country. • Besides continuing the trajectory shown in the bar graph above, we plan to diversify our network and our offerings. This includes traveling outside of Fairfax to more under-served schools and communities, and giving public talks on mathematics and mathematics outreach, to generate excitement and interest in mathematics not only in K-12 classrooms, but in the community at large. • We are designing follow-up lessons to leave with the teachers whose classrooms we visit. These lessons are intended to give our activities longevity by allowing the students to continue to engage with the ideas after we have left, and to relate